

GLOSSARY-OF-TERMS-CODE
FOR
POLICE-CADS

Nub	<u>TERMS</u>	<u>DEMINER</u>
1)	<u>Priority Levels</u>	<p>1+ <u>Class 1:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description: The highest priority incidents, often emergencies requiring immediate attention and action. <p>2+ <u>Class 2:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description: Incidents of intermediate priority, important but not requiring immediate emergency response. <p>3+ <u>Class 3:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description: Lower priority incidents, usually non-emergencies with lower urgency. • These priority levels help categorize incidents and determine the level of response they require.
2)	<u>Incident Type (506):</u>	<p>The incident type is specified as "Duplicate," which means that this particular incident report is considered a duplicate or repeat of a previously reported incident. It suggests that the same incident has been reported multiple times.</p>
3)	<u>Qualification (701 - Assistance Requested / Rendered):</u>	<p>This qualification indicates that assistance has been requested or rendered in connection with the incident. It may involve requests for police assistance or support in resolving the situation.</p>
4)	<u>Resolution (720 - Linked):</u>	<p>The resolution code "720" suggests that this incident is linked to another incident or incidents. In this case, it appears to be connected to multiple other incidents mentioned in the "Linked" section.</p>
5)	<u>Rec By (Received By): E (Emergency):</u>	<p>This indicates that the call or incident was received as an emergency.</p>
6)	<u>Call Type: T (Third Party):</u>	<p>This suggests that the call or incident was initiated or reported by a third party, not by the person directly involved in the incident.</p>

7)	<u>Att Loen (Attachment Location):</u>	GREAT CAMBRIDGE/PROGRESS WAY, ENFIELD: This is the location where the incident is reported to have occurred or where police attention is needed.
8)	<u>Map Page: 082:</u>	This is a reference to the map page number related to the incident location.
9)	<u>Grid Reference:</u>	534380,195513: This is a geographical grid reference that pinpoints the incident location on a map.
10)	<u>GPA (Geographical Priority Area):</u>	YP [Division: YE: JC]: This provides information about the geographical area and division related to the incident location.
11)	<u>Opening Open Text: Opening 1:314 (Suspicious Circumstances):</u>	This describes the nature of the incident, which in this case is "Suspicious Circumstances."
12)	<u>Urgency: R (Referred):</u>	This indicates that the incident has been referred or assigned a level of urgency.
13)	<u>Proposal (BOCU at 08:30/07JUN14):</u>	Y5N Y4N YE21N YF23N YE50L 248YE 29YE 115YE YE2L YE2N YE3N: These appear to be references to resources or units that may be involved or needed for handling the incident.
14)	<u>Class 1: 506 (Duplicate):</u>	As explained earlier, this is the classification of the incident, indicating that it's a high-priority incident classified as a "Duplicate."
15)	<u>Qual 1: 701 (Assistance Requested / Rendered):</u>	This qualification suggests that assistance has been requested or rendered in connection with the incident.
16)	<u>Res 1: 720 (Linked):</u>	The resolution code "720" indicates that this incident is linked to another incident or incidents.
17)	<u>Clo Text (Closure Text): SNL CAD 2456:</u>	This may be a reference to a related incident or information associated with the closure of the incident.
18)	<u>Dealing: 0:</u>	This could be a reference to the status or progress of the incident handling, with "0" possibly indicating an initial or open status.

19)	<u>Metops (Metropolitan Operations):</u>	This section may contain details related to metropolitan or operational aspects of the incident.
20)	<u>CHS Demid (Demographic ID):</u>	20140607001464: This appears to be a unique identifier or code associated with the incident, which may be used for record-keeping and tracking purposes.
21)	<u>Linked (explicitly and implicitly):</u>	These sections provide information about other incidents that are explicitly or implicitly linked to the one described in the report. It shows connections to multiple other incidents that may have related information or be part of the same series of events.
22)	<u>AC:</u>	Access Control - This abbreviation often refers to controlling access to a system, network, or resource, typically through authentication and authorization mechanisms.
23)	<u>LI:</u>	Linked - In this context, "LI" suggests that an entry or incident is linked to or associated with another entry or incident.
24)	<u>XP:</u>	Experience - While "XP" can have various meanings, in this context, it might refer to someone's experience or expertise.
25)	<u>AK:</u>	Acknowledge - "AK" is often used to indicate that a message or notification has been received and acknowledged.
26)	<u>PI:</u>	Private Investigator - In some contexts, "PI" could refer to a private investigator, someone hired to conduct investigations for private individuals or organizations.
27)	<u>CT:</u>	Context - "CT" might refer to providing additional context or information related to an incident or action.
28)	<u>CM:</u>	Communication - "CM" could signify a communication or message, often related to updates or information sharing.
29)	<u>IP:</u>	Internet Protocol - "IP" usually stands for Internet Protocol, which is a set of rules governing the format of data sent over the internet.

30)	<u>GPC:</u>	General Purpose Computer - "GPC" may refer to a general-purpose computer or device.
31)	<u>EA:</u>	Enterprise Architecture - In some contexts, "EA" could relate to enterprise architecture, which involves designing and managing an organization's structure and processes.
32)	<u>PC:</u>	Personal Computer - "PC" commonly represents a personal computer, typically used by individuals. "Police-Constable"
33)	<u>BSL:</u>	British Sign Language - "BSL" may refer to British Sign Language, a visual language used by the deaf community in the United Kingdom.
34)	<u>CC:</u>	Credit Card - "CC" often stands for a credit card, a payment method. "Metropolitan-Police-Force-Communication-Command"
35)	<u>CMC:</u>	Computer-Mediated Communication - "CMC" refers to communication that occurs through computers or digital devices.
36)	<u>BOW:</u>	It's not clear from the provided text what "BOW" means in this context. "Bow-Met-CC"
37)	<u>MET C&C:</u>	"MET C&C" could relate to Metropolitan Command and Control, potentially indicating a command-and-control system used by a metropolitan police force.
38)	<u>EO RAMOS:</u>	"EO Ramos" appears to be a person's name, possibly an individual involved in the actions or review described in the log.
39)		
<u>THIS IS A COMPLETE LIST OF THE CLASSIFICATIONS, INCLUDING THE ONES INITIALLY OMITTED</u>		
40)	<u>Rec By (Received By):</u> E (Emergency)	<u>Rec By:</u> Indicates how the call or incident was received.

		<u>Emergency</u>): Indicates that the call or incident was received as an emergency, suggesting that it required immediate attention or response from authorities.
41)	<u>Call Tel: (Not provided)</u>	<u>Call Tel</u> : Typically refers to the contact telephone number associated with the call. However, it appears that this information is not provided in the data.
42)	<u>Call Name: (Not provided)</u>	<u>Call Name</u> : Typically refers to the name or identity of the caller. Again, this information is not provided in the data.
43)	<u>Call Type: W (Witness)</u>	<u>Call Type</u> : Describes the nature or type of the call. <u>W (Witness)</u> : Indicates that the call or incident involves a witness who may have information or observations related to an event.
44)	<u>Call Mail: (Not provided)</u>	<u>Call Mail</u> : This field may refer to email or additional communication related to the call. It appears to be empty in this case.
45)	<u>Contact Tel: (Not provided)</u>	<u>Contact Tel</u> : Typically refers to the contact telephone number of the witness or caller, but this information is not provided in the data.
46)	<u>Att Loen (Attachment Location):</u> <u>PROGRESS WAY/ GREAT CAMBRIDGE RD, ENFIELD: OPP ESSO STM</u>	<u>Att Loen</u> : Specifies the attachment or incident location. <u>PROGRESS WAY/ GREAT CAMBRIDGE RD, ENFIELD: OPP ESSO STM</u> : Provides the detailed location description, including street names.
47)	<u>Grid Reference:</u> <u>534380,195513</u>	<u>Grid Reference</u> : Provides geographical coordinates specifying the location on a map.
48)	<u>GPA (Geographical Priority Area): YP</u> <u>[Division: YE: JC]</u>	<u>GPA</u> : Indicates the geographical priority area. [Division: YE: JC]
49)	<u>GPA: YP</u> <u>[Division: YE: JC]</u>	In most forces it is simply a one- to five-digit number, but in larger forces a letter code (also known as a division call sign) may be added to indicate the ... <u>“JC”</u> = Jack Cordell

		<table border="1" data-bbox="662 194 1343 497"> <tr> <td data-bbox="662 194 836 497">YE Enfield</td> <td data-bbox="836 194 1343 497">YE Edmonton, YF Enfield North Cluster (closed), YB Enfield Patrol Base, YS Southgate West Cluster (closed), YP Edmonton South Cluster (Formerly Ponders end Cluster)</td> </tr> </table> <p data-bbox="662 539 1343 573"><u>Not to be confused with Warrant card.</u></p> <p data-bbox="662 573 1343 1267">This article is about the letters and numbers commonly displayed on the epaulettes of police officers. For the letters shown on riot helmets and the roofs of police vehicles, see Home Office Radio. A collar number, also known as a shoulder number, force identification number (FIN) or occasionally as force number (although this can also refer to the ID number of a force itself), identifies police officers, police community support officers (PCSO), special constables (SC or SPC) and some police staff in UK police forces - other law enforcement agencies, such as HM Prison Service, have also adopted identification numbers. Although now displayed on epaulettes (i.e. on the shoulder), it is still commonly referred to as a collar number. Although most forces issue a collar number to all warranted officers regardless of role, only uniformed officers of the ranks constable and sergeant actually display the numbers.</p> <p data-bbox="662 1310 1343 1671">In most forces it is simply a one- to five-digit number, but in larger forces a letter code (also known as a division call sign) may be added to indicate the officer's base area or unit. In some forces different types of staff (paid ('regular') police officers, special constables, PCSOs and other police staff) are assigned different ranges of numbers, so a person's role can be deduced from the number, but these systems are force specific and there is no national standard.</p> <p data-bbox="662 1713 1343 1821"><u>YP [Division: YE: JC]:</u> Provides additional information about the division and area, which may be relevant for dispatching resources.</p>	YE Enfield	YE Edmonton, YF Enfield North Cluster (closed), YB Enfield Patrol Base, YS Southgate West Cluster (closed), YP Edmonton South Cluster (Formerly Ponders end Cluster)
YE Enfield	YE Edmonton, YF Enfield North Cluster (closed), YB Enfield Patrol Base, YS Southgate West Cluster (closed), YP Edmonton South Cluster (Formerly Ponders end Cluster)			
50)	<u>Open Text: Opening 1:314 (Suspicious Circumstances)</u>	<u>Open Text:</u> Contains descriptive information about the incident.		

		<u>Opening 1:314 (Suspicious Circumstances):</u> Describes the nature of the incident as "Suspicious Circumstances."
51)	<u>Urgency: R (Referred)</u>	<u>Urgency:</u> Indicates the level of urgency or priority assigned to the incident. <u>R (Referred):</u> Suggests that the incident has been referred for further action or attention.
52)	<u>Proposal</u>	<u>Proposal:</u> May include information related to a proposed course of action or response.
53)	<u>(BOCU at 08:30/07JUN14)</u>	This section appears to contain information related to the timing or actions taken by a unit (BOCU) at a specific time and date.
54)	<u>CRIS: NOT CRIMED</u>	<u>CRIS:</u> May refer to a Crime Reporting Information System or database. <u>NOT CRIMED:</u> Indicates that the incident has not been categorized as a crime in the system.
55)	<u>Class 1: 506 (Duplicate)</u>	<u>Class 1:</u> Indicates the classification or priority level assigned to the incident. <u>506 (Duplicate):</u> Suggests that this incident is classified as a "Duplicate," possibly indicating a repeated or similar incident.
56)	<u>Qual 1: 701 (Assistance Requested / Rendered)</u>	<u>Qual 1:</u> Represents a qualification code or category related to the incident.
57)	<u>701 (Assistance Requested / Rendered):</u>	Indicates that assistance has been requested or rendered in connection with the incident.
58)	<u>Res 1: 720 (Linked)</u>	<u>Res 1:</u> Represents a resolution code or status related to the incident. <u>720 (Linked):</u> Suggests that this incident is linked to another incident or incidents.
59)	<u>Clo Text: SEE LINKED CAD 943</u>	<u>Clo Text:</u> Contains closing or concluding information about the incident.

		SEE LINKED CAD 943: Indicates that there is a reference to another incident with CAD number 943 that may contain additional relevant information.
60)	<u>Dealing: 0</u>	Dealing: May indicate the current status or progress of dealing with the incident. "0" may suggest an initial or unprocessed state.
61)	<u>Metops: (Not provided)</u>	Metops: This field appears to be empty or not provided in the data.
62)	<u>CHS Demid: 20140607000925</u>	CHS Demid: Appears to be a unique identifier or code associated with the incident for record-keeping and tracking purposes.
63)	<u>Linked (explicitly and implicitly):</u>	<p>These sections provide information about other incidents that are explicitly or implicitly linked to the one described in the report.</p> <p>It shows connections to multiple other incidents that have related information and are part of the same series of events.</p>
64)	<u>TOA</u>	Typically stands for "Time of Arrival."
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EXTRA

Nub	<u>MEANING</u>	<u>DEMINER</u>
1)	<u>Missing Cad Data:</u>	The CAD data for this specific case is marked as "Missing." This means that crucial information or evidence related to the case is not available or not properly documented. When essential data is missing, it can undermine the credibility and fairness of the case.
2)	<u>No Witness and/or Victim Information:</u>	The entry states, "No," indicating that there are no listed witnesses or victims associated with this case. This lack of witness or victim information can make it difficult to establish the facts of the case and raises questions about the veracity of the charges.
3)	<u>Cad Data Likelihood:</u>	Crown Rd: The mention of "Crown Rd" in the data suggests that there may be confusion or issues related to the location of the incident. Accurate location information is crucial in establishing the context of an incident and verifying the claims made.
4)	<u>Wrong File Location:</u>	The CAD entry mentions that the case is in the wrong file location within the index within the 1st ASBO (Anti-Social Behaviour Order). This indicates that there may have been administrative errors or issues with the case's documentation and organization.
5)	<u>Missing File Data:</u>	The entry highlights that the "File Data is Missing." Missing file data can be a significant problem because it can lead to incomplete or inaccurate records, making it challenging to ensure a fair and just legal process.
6)		
7)		
END		